INDEPENDENCE.

Lamentable Negligence or Ignorance

of the City Attorney Nearly Gets

the City Into Trouble.

When Judge Slover called the cases of Margaret Warren against the city of Inde-

pendence, and Samuel Burnham against the city of Independence, in the circuit court

resterday, the city was not represented

Both cases were damage suits for alleged injuries. That of Mrs. Warren asked for a

judgment of \$5,000 on account of a fall which she received at the corner of Spring

and College streets February 15, 1897. The case of Burnham called for \$1,000 on ac-count of injuries alleged to have been re-

For Selling Liquor.

arswer, evidently meaning industrial liquor."

The attorneys for the defendant made much of the boy's entanglement of words, attempting to show that he had been coached. The case will be resumed to-day. In the case of R. W. Milam against Solomon Davis, of Sni Mills, a land case, the plaintiff was given a judgment for \$5. The case was one appealed from a justice court.

Doe Brown in Form Agnin.

Doc Brown in Form Agnin.

A cakewalk was given in the old Salvation Army hall last night, under the anspices of the various colored societies of the various colored societies of the city. Several local cakewalkers were advertised to take part in the programme, but on their arrival at the hall they discovered Doc Brown, of Kansas City, the ex-champion of the world, aiready on the floor, and immediately there was a hurried consultation among those of strictly local fame. The result was they refused to cope with the doctor, and that distinguished individual had the floor all to himself. He walked against his own record and covered himself with glory. Since his recent defeat in Kansas City by a St. Louis reduced the doctor has added several funcy and entirely original steps to his repertoire. But under the circumstances, the doctor was compelled to carry off the last with the first bonors, with the cake added.

Independence News Notes. Colonel and Mrs. D. D. Hicks left yes-erday for their home at Pittsfield. Ill., ifter a visit with Mr. and Mrs. H. R.

Mills.

A marriage license was issued yester lay o Cleveland Cox and Miss Katle Rich, both

was \$4 years of age.

James C. Shelton, of Clinton, Mo., spent
yesterday in Independence, the guest of
his sister, Mrs. Henry Ott.

Dr. John M. Allen Honored.

An Interpretation.

her daughter.
"Oh, I see, and she wants us to know that she is going to travel in a Pullman palace car."

Interesting to the Clergy.

KANSAS CITY, KANSAS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the board of education, corner Seventh street and Ann avenue, Kansas City, Kas., until 12 o'clock, noon, June 28, 1897, for a three room addition to the Everett Street school building, Kansas City, Kas.

The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids. By order of the board.

M. G. Jones, Clerk.

The Branch Office of THE JOURNAL gates to represent Kansas City, Kas., at the annual meeting of the trans-Mississippi congress, to be held at Salt Lake City on July 18: J. C. Horton, V. J. Lane, S. S. King, McCabe Moore, W. A. Simpson, W. W. Rose, B. L. Short, Alfred Weston, P. P. Hipple and W. B. Raymond. has removed to Room E. Husted bldg., where all advertisements and items of news will receive prompt attention. Any complaints as to delivery of the paper will be speedily remedied if notice is given. Tel. West 23.

S HRINKAGE of Values Reduced to Min-WULF'S LAUNDRY.

To be Laundered. Distilled Water Used in the Operation. H. F. WULF, Prop., Fifth and State.

KEELEY Institute Portsmouth Bldg.,
The only place in Kansas where the
Genuine Reseley Renedles and Treatment for Alcohol and Narcotic Addictions
are administered. Address as above.

OPPOSITION DOWNED.

MAYOR MARSHMAN USES HIS POWER AND MAKES APPOINTMENTS.

CHANGES IN FIRE DEPARTMENT.

CAPTAIN BOWDEN AND TWO FIRE-MEN WERE REMOVED.

Alderman Radford Deprived of the Chairmanship of His Committee and Buchhalter Appointed-A Complete Reorganination Promised.

The fire department of this city is to undergo a complete reorganization. This fact was made known at last night's council meeting. The following changes were made: Captain Dave Bowden, of No. 3 house; John Nash, of No. 3 house; Richard Fee, of No. 2 house, were removed. A. Gates, T. Flynn, Thomas Fox, Jack Mc-Nary and Ed McCarty were appointed firemen. Harry Shiller, of No. 3 company, was promoted to captain, to fill the vacancy caused by Bowden's removal.

That Mayor Marshman is going to be mayor of this city in every sense of the word can no longer be disputed. The aldermen who have been fighting him and introduced the ordinance at last week's meeting relieving him of the power to name the appointees on the fire department and placing this power in the hands of the chief of the department, who was one of the principal supporters of the ordinance, was tossed in the air, and as a result of the little domestic "fall out" tween him and the mayor, Alderman Radford was removed as chairman of the fire committee and Alderman Buchhalter ap-pointed in his stead. Two of his most intimate friends on the department were also

There has been trouble existing between Mayor Marshman and certain n the council for some time and it has finally come to a climax. The differences arose ting to make one or two changes, but some of the councilmen opposed him and he decided to straighten the matter out as soon as possible. It was claimed that the councilment of the tate of Kansas has a population of \$1,152. es possible. It was claimed that the coun-cilmen who were instrumental in having the ordinance introduced had six votes, which would ite any appointment that the mayor might make when it came to con-firmation. It developed, however, that only three councilmen voted against the may-pr's appointments—Radford, Mendenhall and Gilbert—the other members falling in line with Mayor Marshman. After the second ballot Alderman Gilbert voted for the confirmation of every appointment made.

ade. The ordinance over which the fight orig

the confirmation of every appointment made.

The ordinance over which the fight originated was introduced at last weeks meeting. It deprived the mayor of the power to name the men who should serve on the department and practically relieved him of all power in the matter. It was referred to the legal department and last night it was returned with the recommendation that it be not passed, as some of the provisions were wholly illegal, so it is claimed. The report of the legal department was adopted by a unanimous vote. The councilmen favoring the ordinance had an amended one which they proposed to introduce, but when it became known that some of the aidermen had got in line with the mayor it was not presented.

Mayor Marshman gave the councilmen a short talk in which he said it was high time that they were getting together and transacting business in a business-like manner and to stop all child's play. The only appointment that he made last night which was not confirmed by the council was gos McConneil. McNary and McConneil was turned down by a vote of 7 to 4. McNary's appointment and McConneil was turned down by a vote of 7 to 4. McNary's appointment was confirmed by a vote of 9 to 2.

The mayor informed the council that he proposed to completely reorganize the fire department. He said that he would submit a full list of the members that he wanted to serve under his administration for the consideration of the council that he proposed to completely reorganize the fire department. He said that he would submit a full list of the members that he wanted to serve under his administration for the consideration of the council at next Tuesday's meeting. Several more changes will be made. This is the first time in five years that the firemen have been reappointed. Heretofore the mayor has made as many changes as he saw fit and let the others remain without any action on his part or that of the council. Mr. Marshman says he proposes to carry out the provisions of the law to the letter. The firemen committee, is a Democrat. The friends of Alderman Radford clain they have something up their sievers which they will let fall at the next meeting that promises to create all kinds of sensations it is alleged that Alderman Buchhalter has placed men to work on the street depart-ment under conditions prohibited by law. The mayor appointed the following dele-

SKIN-TORTURED

And rest for tired mothers in a warm bath And rest for tired mothers in a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, and a single application of CUTICURA (ontiment), the great skin cure. CUTICURA REMEDIES afford instant relief, and point to a speedy cure of torturing, disfiguring, humiliating, itching, burning, bleeding, crusted, scaly skin and scalp humors, with loss of bale, when all size fails. with loss of hair, when all else fails.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER Dune AND CREE. Cour. Sole Props. Boxbon. SKIN SCALP and Hair Beautifed by

JOHNSON FOUND GUILTY. Charge Was Robbery and He May Be Sent Up for Twenty-five

Years.

Years.

"We, the jury, find the defendant guilty as charged in the information."

This is the verdict returned by the jury in the Johnson case yesterday afternoon at 5 oclock. The trial of Johnson has attracted much attention owing to the notoriety gained by the prisoner during his incarceration. The jury was out several hours, and reported several times that the members could not agree. However, Judge Alden sent the jurors back for further deliberation, and they finally agreed upon a verdict.

Johnson was convicted on the charge of robbery in the first degree, which is punishable by a penitentiary sentence not to exceed twenty-five years. Attorney J. A. Hale made a strong defense for Johnson, and he proposes to ask for a new trial Johnson held up W. Summerweil several menths ago and robbed him of a gold watch and a small amount of cash. He was arrested the following day with the watch in his possession. Jim Cabili, son of Detective Thomas Cabili, was also arrested, charged with being implicated in the robory. Johnson declares that he bought the watch from Cabili. Cabili was released.

At the preliminary hearing of Johnson, the prisoner created a scene by jumping out the second story of a building, making a wild dash for his liberty. Several officers pursued him and several shots were fired. The fieeling prisoner was captured by excity Detective Richard Wilson. After being secured yo locked up in the county jail, he and another prisoner, F. M. Connors, who is now serving a twelve years' sentence for burglary, planned a bold jail delivery. They secured two revolvers from a woman who was deeply interested in Johnson. She smuggled the weapons to the prisoners in her dress. At breakfast one morning, Johnson and Countors covered Jailer Fay with the revolvers and demanded the keys to the outer door. He refused to deliver them, and in return was beaten over the head with their weapons. The plucky jailer scuffled with them until he got an opportunity to throw the keys through the bars and successfully landed them out o

CHIEF QUARLES WRATHY.

No More Prisoners to Be Released From City Jail on Judge Manning's Order.

several women prisoners were recently released from the city jail on an order is aved by Judge Manning, of the police court. Now there is trouble. As soon as Chief Quaries learned of the judge's actions he became wrathy, and immediately notified the officers in charge of the jail not to release any more prisoners on Judge Manning's order. The chief and the judge came together in a very heated discussion, in which Chief Quaries argued that Judge Manning had no more authority to release city prisoners than a newsboy. Manning turned up his nose at the chief and asked him if he thought he was running every branch of the police department.

It is given out as official that Judge Manning will order no more prisoners released from the city jail. Chief Quaries advocates that he is the only man who is vested with the power to release city prisoners. The law provides that the police commissioners are the only parties who have power to release prisoners after a conviction has been made and sentence imposed. Matters may become badly complicated before the jurisdiction of these two officials is defined.

POPULATION 41,152.

According to the City Assessor's Census the City Is Gaining in Population-Figures Too Low.

41.152.
This shows a slight increase during the past year. The census of 1896 gave the city only 40.579, showing a gain of 282. It is claimed that the actual population is greater than the figures given by the assessor.

Watching the Mack Case.

Watching the Mack Case.

The case of the state against Thomas Mack will be called in the district court this morning. Mack is charged with violating the prohibitory law on one count. The case will be watched with considerable interest inasmuch as he has been arrested several times before but none of the cases was ever tried. This time County Attorney Miller claims that he intends to prosecute for all there is in it.

Mack has another case that will come up later. He is the man who attempted to run a joint at Sixth spreet and Minnesota avenue, the most conspicuous spot on the avenue. The business men kicked and the Odd Fellows kicked. The building occupied by Mack's joint is adjoining the Odd Fellows' building, hence their protest. Mack finally kave up in despair, arriving at the conclusion that he could not run a joint there and buck the authorities and everybody else in the city. It is understood, however, that he has leased the building again and will reopen the joint just as soon as the district court gets through with him.

No Renson for Discouragement.

No Reason for Discouragement.

No Reason for Discouragement.

Up to yesterday the business men along Minnesota avenue had been feeling greatly encouraged over the outlook for better times, but they are now not so sure that prosperity will arrive on schedule time. This is due to the fact that William Estephas moved out his stock of drugs at 628 Minnesota avenue and at present all that is left there is his joint and card room. The building occupied by Estep is within two doors of the postoffice; about 200 feet from the county juil and within 280 feet of the court house.

Owing to the conspicuous location, he has had a stock of drugs in the front part of the building, but the drug store part of the business was all a blind, to hide the joint in the rear. The business men should not feel discouraged on account of Estep's failing to make a success of the drug business, as it is understood that some other line of "commerce" will screen the joint.

Licensed to Marry,

Edward Hayslips and Ida Stearns, of St. Mary's, Kas., came to this city yesterday and were married by Probate Judge Herr. The following other licenses were also is-sued:

Damages in Detail.

John Crane brought suit in the district court yesterday against the Kansus City Foundry Company for \$2.50 damages. He was injured while in the employ of the company by a heavy casting falling on his ankie. The accident happened last May at the defendant's company's plant in Armourdale. The plaintiff estimates his damages as follows: Bodly pain and suffering. \$500: mental angulsh, \$1.000; loss of time up to date and to be lost, \$1.000; medical zerv-loss, \$50.

Everett School Addition.

The board of education has decided to build a three-room addition to the Everett Street school. This will no doubt be good news to the people living in the Evertt school district. Bids for the construction of the new addition have been advertised for and the work will be started as soon as a contract is made.

Last year this school was badly overcrowded and the pupils of the primary grades were only accommodated with a half-day term. Half of the children at-

tending in the forenoon and the other half in the afternoon. With the new addition the board expects to give schooling to all children in that district.

Funeral of Mrs. Richmond.

The board of country commissioners were in session again yesterday. They will finish their work as board of equalization Thursday.

There was a heavy shower yesterday morning. In the afternoon it was hot and The funeral services of Mrs. Isaac M. Richmond, who died yesterday morning at the family home, north of Kerr's park, of pneumonia, will take place this afternoon at 3 o'clock from the home. The deceased was quite well known throughout the county. Burial at Quindaro cemetery. The funeral of Samuel Reed, a colored barber, took place Monday afternoon. On account of Reed having been a soldier for many years, his remains were interred in the National cemetery at Fort Leavenworth.

The members of the Carnival Club will make an effort to have General Alger, secretary of war, and Commissioner of Pensions Evans visit Leavenworth during the Grand Army reunion this fall. Colonel Gilpatrick and Judge Bond may go to Washington to urge them to attend.

METROPOLIS MISCELLANY.

Desk room to rent. Journal office, room E, Husted building.
E. H. Rodekopf and family have returned from a fishing trip. They were gone several days and report a good time and plenty of fish—in the stream.

Miss Nellie Wingdeld of Charletter(1): Miss Nellie Wingfield, of Charlottesville, Va., is in the city visiting the family of W. T. New, superintendent of the Kansas City & Northwestern railroad.

a Northwestern railroad. Select Knights' Blizzard Club surthe members of Armourdale lodge 6. A. O. U. W., last night. A grand was had, botwithstanding that the nigwas visited with a blizzard. ARMOURDALE.

Boy wanted to deliver papers. Call at 658 Shawnee avenue.

Miss Josie Klein, who has been visiting friends in Lincoln, Neb., has returned. Frank Fulton, formerly of this city, now of California, is here visiting friends. Miss Rose Donnley has gone to Excelsior Springs to spend a few months for her health.

health.

Sclicitor wanted to canvass for sub-scribers to The Journal. Call at 63 Shaw-nes avenue.

George Richle, who has been visiting his friends to Filograph. Here has been distingning his friends in Eldorado, Kas., has returned He will make his home in this city in the

He will make his home in this city in the near future.

William Bassie, a butcher at Schwarzschild & Suizberger Packing Company's, while dressing a beef yesterday morning severely cut his hand.

All news, subscriptions, advertisements and complaints when left at Leininger's book store, 505 Kansas avenue, or at O. Q. Claffin's drug store, 523 Osage avenue, will be given due consideration.

ARGENTINE.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. William Roach of Hickory street, a son. of Hickory street, a son.

Boy wanted to deliver papers. Call at 658 Shawnee avenue, Armourdale.

F. Rodes and W. Whitney were arrested by Constable Blomb last evening for fight-

ing.

Thomas McGeorge, who has been visiting friends in Excelsior Springs, has returned.

Solicitors wanted to canvass for subscribers to The Journal, Call at 638 Shawnee avenue, Armourdale.

nee avenue, Armourdale.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Christian church will hold an all day session to-day at the home of Mrs. Chapton.

A social was given last night by the ladies of the Baptist church at the home of Mrs. L. Schugg, of Strong avenue.

All news, subscriptions, advertisements and complaints, when left at McGeorge's drug store, on Metropolitan avenue, will be given prompt attention.

Mesdames L. E. Jones, B. M. Best, L. C. Tricky, O. M. Huntington, Marshal Had-dock and H. K. Millspaugh left yesterday for Topeka, Kas., to attend the state con-vention of the Woman's Republican Club. Mrs. Emma Morgan, of the North er s reported to be at the point of death fro

The little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Gerner, who has been dangerously ill, is reported to be improving.

THE NEWS AT LEAVENWORTH. Preliminary Hearing of Oliver Postponed-District Court Proceedings-Minor News.

The preliminary examination of J. W. Oliver, the alleged bomb thrower, did not take place yesterday. During the morning many veterans from the Soldiers' home gathered at Commissioner Moore's office and waited patiently for Oliver to be brought in. There was some misunderstanding among the at-torneys as to the time the trial was to take place, and at noon it was announced that it would be at 3 o'clock. When 3 o'clock came no attorneys were present again, and Mr. Moore postponed the hearing until Fri-

day.

Oliver was quiet yesterday and gave out no interviews. He is recovering his natural equilibrium and has a good appetite. It is said the plan of the defense will be to show that he is crazy. Many people who know Oliver will certainly swear that he is a

cant he is crazy. Many people who know Oliver will certainly swear that he is a crank.

The board of managers of the Soldiers home is expected here to-day. It will come in on a special car over the Santa Fe road. Inspector General Brown is now here making an examination into the accounts of the home.

ing an examination into the accounts of the home.

Colonel Stdney Cooke is now at the home attending to some official business. A reporter called on him yesterday and showed him an article in a Kansas City paper, which stated that several hundred veterans were to be discharged from this home, and that all who had criticised Governor Smith's management would have to go. Colonel Cooke said that it was an exaggeration, as there was no intention of turning out a hundred or even ten veterans. The criticising of a home official was no offense, and men would not be disturbed for doing so. Colonel Cooke said that all veterans who had anything to do with the throwing of the bomb would have to go; that any member of the home who aided or encouraged in the destruction of life or government property was not wanted around.

It is not likely that, after this statement from Colonel Cooke, any effort will be made to discharge veterans who testified before the congressional committee. Some of these are compiaining of ill treatment already.

Awarded \$8,000 Damages.

The case of Charles Johnson against the F. G. Austin Manufacturing Company for \$15,000 damages was tried in the district court yesterday and submitted to a jury at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Johnson was hurt while working on a bridge, when a scaffolding gave way, throwing him on an iron beam, breaking his arm and injuring his side.

iron beam, breaking his arm and injuring his side.

After being out three hours, the jury brought in a verdict for \$5,000. Neither side seems to be pleased with the verdict, and a motion will be made for a new trial. Johnson is a resident of Douglas county.

The afternoon was mainly devoted to securing a jury in the damage suit of W. H. Howard, of Tonganoxie, against the Union Paelile road. A number of citizens were brought in off the streets by the deputy marshals. When court adjourned last night the evidence was all in. The case will be argued this morning.

In this suit Howard asks for \$10,000 damages over a broken leg. Last winter he was delivering meat to a theater troupe that was in a car on a siding near Tonganoxie, and in crossing over the depot platform Howard slipped and fell. He claims the railroad company is responsible for his injuries because the employee had neglected to sweep or shovel the ice and snow off the platform. The case will be closely contested.

Kausas Central Sale Postponed Again. Kausas Central Sale Postponed Again.

The sale of the Kansas Central railroad at public auction was postponed again yesterday. Promptly at noon, H. P. Dillon, the master appointed to make the sale, appeared at the Union Pacific freight office and announced that he would postpone the date for seiling the road until June 25. He stated afterwards that he did so at the request of the trustees. It is said that negotiations are now in progress to have the sale declared off, and for the trustees and bondholders to take full possession and control of it.

Brief Items.

Taxpayers are beginning to crowd the county treasurer's office to settle the amounts against their property. The penalty goes on after June 21.

The trustees of the Civic Federation held a meeting last night at the probate court room. Business and professional men are manifesting considerable interest in the association and a strong organization is being effected.

Leo Piper made his final settlement with the probate court yesterday, as administrator and gurdian, in the cetate of Sarah and Benjamin G. Piper and others. A marriage license was issued yesterday to Murry Nicholson, aged 35, and Lena M. Keller, aged 30. Mr. Nicholson is a licutenant in the army. The wedding will take place to-day.

The trial of Dave Hageman on the charge of breaking into and robbing Otto Schmerke's store will take place in Justice

The trial of Dave Hageman on the charge of breaking into and robbing Otto Schmeckel's store will take place in Justice Johnson's court this morning.

Miss Nina Medill is reported to be seriously ill. Her friends are somewhat alarmed over her condition. Miss Medill is the plaintiff in the big will contest suit now pending in the Kansas courts.

Miss Etta Ridgeway left last evening for her home in Indiana after a pleasant visit

to friends and relatives in this part of the WESTPORT PIONEER DEAD. ounty.

The board of county commissioners were

> TALTAN H. CRUTCHFIELD CAME THERE FORTY-FOUR YEARS AGO.

Was the Village Blacksmith and had a Shop in "Westport Landing," Now Kansas City-He Was 70 Years Old.

Taltan H. Crutchfield, one of the oldest and most widely known residents of Westport, and who years ago had a blacksmith shop in "Westport Landing," near what is now the corner of Twelfth and Main streets, Kansas City, died early yesterday morning at his home, 4055 Elizabeth street, Westport, of tuberculosis, after an illness of about four months. For the past six weeks he has been failing rapidly.

Mr. Crutchfield had lived in Westport

during most of the time for the past forty-four years. He was the son of "Uncle Jack" Crutchfield, who, with his wife, "Aunt Betty," the stepmother of the deceased, lives in the house in Westport which he built over thirty-three years ago. Taltan H. Crutchfield was born in Kentucky, May 1, 1827. He came to Westport in 1853 and worked at his trade, black-smithing. He was married in Westport in case of Burnham called for \$1,000 on account of injuries alleged to have been received by the overturning of a mortar box last December. Mrs. Warren's suit was based on the allegation that the crossing was covered with mud, causing her to slip, and Burnham traced his injuries to a bad crossing, which jostled his wagon, on which was a barrel surmounted by the mortar box. Burnham offered to settle his case for \$125 with the city.

There was no response from the defendant city yesterday, and Judge Slover was in the act of giving judgment for the full amount by reason of default, when Attorneys Paxton and Ott stepped to the bar and entered a demurrer as private individuals and taxpayers to the decree. A telephone message to Mayor Millard brought that official to the court room in a hurry. He immediately secured the services of Attorney Paxton in one case and Attorney Ott in the other. Upon representation to Juogo Slover to the effect that there was a screw losse in the city government, and that it would be unjust to saddle a decree giving judgment on the city without so much as a defense, Judge Slover gave the city twenty-four hours to enter pleadings. After staving off the judgment there was a grand justine among the city fathers, which grew into a hubbub when it reached the ears of taxpayers.

A search of the court records falled to 1861 to Miss Eliza Truitt, who survives

smithing. He was married in Westport in 1861 to Miss Eliza Truitt, who survives him. They had two children, both of whom reside in Westport, William S. Crutchfield and Mrs. Anna Belle Halleran, wife of E. J. Haileran, the Westport blacksmith. Shortly after his marriage, Mr. Crutchfield went to California, where he followed his trade for seven years. Returning to Westport, he had lived there ever since. He conducted blacksmith shops in either Westport or Kansas City up to about ten years ago, when he retired.

Mr. Crutchfield's death caused a report to be circulated in Westport yesterday that "Uncle Jack" Crutchfield had died. "Uncle Jack" was 96 years old last month and few men in Westport are more widely known. His wife, "Aunt Betty," is 57 years old. While "Uncle Jack" has been feeble for several years, and his mind is slightly clouded, he is by no means inactive and is not unlikely to celebrate his 196th birthday. Neither "Uncle Jack" nor "Aunt Betty" appeared to take the news of the death of their son with the seriousness of the other members of the family. They seemed to think it was a natural occurrence, and not a thing to be grieved over. It is doubtful if either will be able to attend the funeral, which will be held at 10 o'clock this morning from the Westport Baptist church. The services will be conducted by Rev. Peace, former pastor of the church, of which Mr. Crutchfield has been a member for the past three years.

NATIONAL COUNCIL J. O. A. M. Two Hundred Delegates in Attendance at the Annual Meeting at

nustle among the city fathers, which grew into a hubbub when it reached the ears of taxpayers.

A search of the court records failed to reveal even an answer to the plaintiffs' allegations, which should have been filed at the beginning of the term. A doctor's certificate was found, which set out that the city attorney. Robert Leach, was indisposed from rheumatism. This had no bearing on the case whatever. Mayor Millard had called the attention of the city attorney to the cases, and was assured that attention would be given them. Attorney Leach was in town yesterday, but he did not go near the court room. When informed of the escape of the city he seemed surprised, evidently being under the halbuchnation that, when he had filed his doctor's certificate, the cases would be continued. He said that he had met Judge Slover, and from the conversation was led to believe that the cases would go over. Judge Slover that Leach told him he would probably be unable to go to trial with the city cases. He told the young attorney to file his pleadings, see the attorneys for the plaintiffs and make arrangements to be away. The plan of how to proceed was merely outlined to the young attorney, and given in a fatherly way.

City Attorney Leach was placed in the Pittsburg, Pn. Pittsburg, Pa., June 15.—The twenty-ninth annual session of the national council Junior Order American Mechanics be-gan in Elks' hall shortly after 10 o'clock this morning. There were about 200 delegates and visitors present. Mayor Ford gates and visitors present. Mayor Ford welcomed the delegates. The response was made by Rev. H. H. Slaughter, state councilor of Missouri, after which National Councilor Shaner took charge and requested all but members of the national council to retire. The council then went into executive session and National Councilor Shaner delivered his annual address.

Mr. Shaner viewed the progress of the order during the year and reported that nearly every jurisdiction of the order is in a more flourishing condition than it was a year ago. o the young attorney, and given in a fatherly way.

City Attorney Leach was placed in the legal chair of the city by grace of the Democratic party at an election held in 1881. For the past few months Mr. Leach has been ill with inflammatory rheumatism and has been at Excelsior Springs for his health. Although a sufferer, he has been able to walk about town and draw his pay regularly. His friends offer as extenuating circumstances the fact of his Illness and mental sufferings. They claim that it was not the lack of knowledge of law but his malady that caused the circumstance of

nearly every jurisdiction of the order is in a more flourishing condition than it was a year ago.

The order in politics is discussed by Mr. Shaner in these words: "While this is unquestionably a political order in the broad sense of advocating those men and measures that will secure the enactment on the statute books of the nation and of the statute books of the nation and of the ornerstone of our profession, and prompt and effective enforcement of such laws as now exist or may be adopted hereafter, yet in this same line lies the great danger that confronts our order. Upon this political rock many another organization has foundered. Nowhere else is there more danger than in an unguarded participation in political matters. By it antagonisms are created in places where we should have friends, and, if not members, at least sympathizers. Frequently during the past year my attention has been called to this danger.

National Vice Councilor Joseph Powell. ing circumstances the fact of his libror and mental sufferings. They claim that it was not the lack of knowledge of law but his malady that caused the circumstance of yesterday, but blame him for not allowing some one to handle the business of the city until such time as he could attend to it limself. Under the city charter, a counselor can be secured, and this will probably be the outcome of the incident.

At the meeting of the city council last night an ordinance was passed providing for the appointment of a city counselor. The original ordinance was amended so that the new office could be filled at once and John G. Paxton was appointed, at a salary of \$500 a year.

The mayor sent several appointments to the council for confirmation but each was killed. The name of Churles Crandail was sent in for street commissioner, William Noland for sexton of the cemetery, John Nesbit for fire chief, but each was defeated by a vote of four to two, two members of the council being absent. A. J. Ratcliff, for night policeman, received only one vote. An ordinance was passed allowing no more burials in the city cemetery without burial certificates from the board of health.

National Vice Councilor Joseph Powell, National Vice Councilor Joseph Powell, of Colorado, followed with his annual report, after which National Secretary Edward S. Deemer, of Philadelphia, presented his report for the year. It was as follows; Receipts, 336,570,77; new councils, 106; new mombers, 10,890; paid out in benefits and reliefs, \$550,890,29, a gain of \$33,722,19; in treasury of sub-councils, \$1,624,846, an increase of \$192,210.

Bry of sub-councils, M. Section, 1982, 210.
National Treasurer J. Adam Sohl, of Baltimore, reported that he had paid out \$43,-325, 38, leaving a balance of \$6,331 in the Mrs. Susie E. White, of Lee's Summit, the susie E. White, of Lee's Summit, the susies are plaintiff in a damage suit yesterday against Andy Swiezeiski, who is charged with violating the state law in selling liquor to her husband after being requested not to do so. Mrs. White wants 500, and claims that the liquor was sold in 1835. A little hoy named Thornton Funston was placed on the witness stand. When asked if he saw liquor sold to the plaintiff's husband, he answered in the negative, but that he saw Mrs. White's husband in the saloon drinking.

"What kind of liquor did he drink?" was asked.

"Concentrated liquor," was the prompt answer, evidently meaning "intoxicating liquor." The first fight of the session was just be The first fight of the session was just before the adjournment this evening. It was on the appopriation for the periodical of the order. The financial committee recommended that \$1.500 be set aside for the purpose. One of the delegates wanted to amend the amount by making it \$1,000, and then A. D. Wilkin, of Pittsburg, who is affiliated with the administration, moved to make it \$2.000, and on a call of the roll this amendment went through by a vote of 109 to 90.

A RUINED LIFE ENDED.

Drunken Brother of Associate Justice Harlan Killed-Once Practiced Law in Kansas.

Law in Kansas.

Louisville, Ky., June 15.—James P. Harian, a brother of Associate Justice Harian, was accidentally killed by a train on the Louisville. Henderson & St. Louis railway this afternoon near the city aims house. Mr. Harlan, who was about 70 years old, was one of the most prominent lawyers in the state, enjoying a large practice and holding a high judicial office in this county, lie was, however, the victim of an uncontrollable appetite for liquor and was incapacitated for business, despite the efforts of his relatives and friends to bring about his cure. He practiced law for several years in Kansas and, returning to Louisville about three years ago, voluntarily entered the aims house, where he has since resided.

Judge Harian was on his way to the rail-Judge Harian was on his way to the tan-way station to purchase the evening paper, as was his custom, when the train over-took him. He was not dependent on the city charities, but has always been liberal-ly supplied with money by his relatives. He preferred to live at the institution be-cause of being a personal friend of the superintendent.

Ex-Chief Justice Albert H. Horton said last night that he had known Mr. Harlan, but not intimately, during his short stay in Kaness and He came from somewhere in the Middle

The came from somewhere in the Middle ates about eight or ten years ago and ant out into Mitchell county, where he unded Harlan college. This was about a time of the boom in Northeastern Kans. The educational institution which he tablished did not succeed and he soon let it go. After practicing law a short time he left the state. I don't know that I ever heard he was reinted to Justice Harlan, but it seems to me I remember having heard something of that sort. He did not stay in the state very long and was not generally known throughout the state. His practice was of very brief duration. He only took it up after the failure of his college scheme. I never heard anything more about him after he left the state. I believe he went South." to Cleveland Cox and Miss Katle Rich, both of this county.

Mrs. M. A. Devasher and son, Roy, are visiting atHolden, Mo.
Mrs. M. G. Wood and son left yesterday for Odessa, Mo., on a short visit.

Jefferson Williams, of Cass county, spent yesterday in Independence visiting friends. The funeral of Mrs. A. Jones took place yesterday afternoon at 2:20 o'clock from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. McGriff, on Delaware street. The deceased was \$4 years of age.

Mexican Earthquakes Continue. Mexico City, June 15.—Earthquakes at and near the town of Tehuantepec in the southern part of the country continue, and many people have left the place, including the correspondent of Imparcial, a newspaper of this city, who wires that he could no longer safely remain. Several shocks have been felt in the city of Oaxaca.

Kansas Miner Killed.

Dr. John M. Allen Honored.

Liberty, Mo., June 15.—(Special.) William Jewell college, of this city, has conferred upon Dr. John M. Allen the degree of LL. D. Dr. Allen is the oldest physician here, having been actively engaged in the practice of medicine in Liberty since 1856. He graduated from the St. Louis Medical college in 1854. Since 1858, Dr. Allen has been a prominent member of the National Medical Association, which recently celebrated its fiftieth anniversary at Philadelphia. At present Dr. Allen is president of the University Medical college at Kansas City. Plitaburg, Kas., June 15.—(Special.) Will Ray, 5 years old and single, was killed in mine No. 1 at Frontenac about 1 o'clock this forenoon. While working in his room a huge mass of slate fell from the roof, mashing his body beyond recognition. Ray was a member of the Odd Fellows and Knights of Pythias. From the Washington Star.
"I wonder," said Mrs. Cumrox, thoughtfully, "what that nice, old-fashioned lady means by putting "P. P. C. on her card."
"That means she is going away," replied by durch."

Two Colorado Lads Polsoned. Lafayette, Col., June 15.—Leory Kall, the 10-year-old son of Editor Kall, of the Lafayette Sun, and Martin Cornelius, Syvars old, son of a coal miner, were found dead in a field near this town. It is supposed they died from eating some poison-

Not So New.

From the Somerville Journal.

A minister who used to preach in Somville had a little boy. A few days before his father left the city to go to his new parish one of his neighbors said to the little boy: From the Detroit Free Press.
"Electric lighting." said Bilkins. "doesn't seem to be such a modern idea after all."
"How is that?" asked Wilkins.
"Well, you see, Noah must have used the ark light." tle boy:
"So your father is going to work in New
Bedford, is he?"
"Oh, no," he said. "Only preach."

ANHEUSER-BUSCH BREWING ASS'N.

THE LEADING BREWERY IN THE WORLD.

Brewers of the Most Wholesome and Popular Beers.



Served on all Pullman Dining and Buffet Cars. Served on all Wagner Dining and Buffet Cars. Served on all Ocean and Lake Steamers. Served in all First Class Hotels. Served in the Best Families. Served in all Fine Clubs.

Carried on nearly every Man-of-War and Cruiser. Served at most of the United States Army Posts and Soldiers' Homes.

The Greatest Tonic, "Malt-Nutrine" the Food-drink, is prepared by this Association.

GOING TO FIGHT LOCUSTS.

PROFESSOR BRUNER SAILS FOR PESTRIDDEN ARGENTINA.

Millions of Hoppers Have Been Dev astating Its Wheat Fields and He Will Teach Farmers How to Fight Them.

From the New York Sun.

Professor Laurence Bruner of the University of Nebraska salied yesterday on the steamer Buffon for Buenos Ayres for the purpose of studying the habits and peculiarities of a species of locust which within the last year has infested several provinces of the Argentine Republic and Uruguay, and which threatens ruin to the agricultural interests of both countries. Professor Bruner undertakes the work in the interest of a commission composed of several of the wealthlest men in both Uruguay and Argentina, and was chosen for it because of his success in fighting the grasshoppers in Kansas, Nebraska and the Dakotas, from 183 to 183. During this period. Professor Bruner and several other entomologists devoted their time to investigating the methods to be employed in order to exterminate the insects, and their success was great. Different methods were employed in different localities, but as a rule the natural enemy to the hopper was encouraged, and only in the very dry climates was it found necessary to adopt artificial means.

In speaking of the situation in Argentina

mates was it found beceasing artificial means.

In speaking of the situation in Argentina and Uruguay to a Sun reporter yesterday. Professor Bruner referred to a report on the subject made recently by United States Consul J. E. Bancroft, at Buenos Ayres, to Major Henry E. Alvor, of the department of agriculture. The report said in part:

Consul J. E. Bancroft, at Buenos Ayres, to Major Henry E. Aivor, of the department of agriculture. The report said in part:

"To give an idea of the condition of the agricultural prospects of the country as a result of this scourge. I may say that as late as the middle of November last, it would have been difficult to find here a well-informed person who would place the quantity of wheat for export during the present year below 1,009,000 tons. On December 1, numbers believed that the quantity would reach \$00,000 and possibly \$900,000 tons. The sahing began during the latter month and still continues, and each week brings a diminution in the estimates. Many now place the figure at less than 200,000 tons. The great shrinkage in the prominent agricultural crops up the country is due almost wholly to the ravages of the locusts. They have practically eaten everything green in the province of Centre Rios. The pasturage is almost ruined, and the agricultural outbook for the next year is very discouraging. To a much less extent, but proportionately to as great a degree of damage, the insect has injured agriculture in the province of Santa Fe.

"Uruguay presents, to say the least, a most discouraging picture. The locusts have eaten all the green grass, leaving the drad grass standing. They have left nothing in the shape of vegetation, with the exception of the 'alfaifa,' which for some reason they do not seem to relish. The only trees which have escaped them are the 'Ombu,' which is indigenous, the Eucalyptus' and the 'Pasalso,' a species of acacia. Everything else has been eaten, and in many instances sheep are dying from lack of green pasturage."

"The danger can be appreciated," said Professor Bruner in commenting upon the report, "when one can comprehend that the increase of the hoppers in a little over a year has been so great that 23,090,000 bushels, or 700,000 tons, of wheat have been destroyed, to say nothing of the damage that has been done to other crops. The greatest injury rests in the fact that capitalists

eigners are baddy needed in Uruguay and Argentina.

"The locust is of a peculiar species, and as far as I know, it was not known to entomologists before its sudden appearance in South America. It is nearly twice as large as the Rocky mountain hopper, and its comparative capacity for destruction is commensurately greater. In other respects it is similar, as far as I can escertain from a rather superficial inquiry. Of its habits, its life and its natural enemies I know absolutely nothing, and I cannot recommend any particular means of exterminating them until I have become more familiar with them, as well as the general conditions of the country. However, I am inclined to believe that the methods adopted in the West can be applied successfully in South America.

"The locust is of a peculiar species, and as far as I know a brook to make a suit of the comparative capacity to face the methods adopted in the West can be applied successfully in South America.

"The locust is of a peculiar species, and a figures to indicate the time and winner of each race.

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To deaden the noise of steam from the exbaust pipes of s

birds should not be killed in the districts where the hoppers are numerous. They will not exterminate the pests, but they are an extremely valuable ally and do an inestimable amount of good work. In the West we have combatted the locusts successfully in some localities by the cultivation of a small flesh fly, commonly known as the hopper killer, but technically as the tachinidae.

"This fly is a parasite of the hopper, and when a swarm attacks a cloud of hoppers it is astonishing what havee they will make. Whether these flies exist in South America I am unable to say, but it would not be a difficult matter to have a few thousand sent there and put them to work. They are not useful, however, in very dry climates.

climates.

"Another weapon which has proved very effective in the West is the growth of a fungus mole, generally known as empusagrilli. This is about the only natural disease which disturbs the life of the locust, and in a comparative sense it is

worse than the plague of India. I have known countless millions of hoppers to be destroyed during one season. The discov-ery is particularly valuable, as the em-pussi can be cultivated and then thrown on the leaves of trees and plants in the hopper-afflicted countries. I am taking a large supply of empussi to Argentina and believe that its effect will be the same as in this country.

large supply of empussi to Argentina and believe that its effect will be the same as in this country.

"In the very dry localities neither the tachinidae or the empussi can be used to great advantage, and measures must be taken to kill the locust eggs. Each female locust lays 129 eggs annually, and if they are not disturbed, each egg will undoubtedly hatch, and you can easily comprehend what a tremendous increase of locusts is then made possible. For instance, if a county is devustated by locusts in one season, and no successful plan is conceived to combat the insects, the following year a sufficient number of hoppers will be hatched to devastate sixty counties, or the average Western state. If nothing is done the second year the increase of hoppers in the third year will make it possible for them to ruin the agricultural interests of half the United States. Hence the danger in South America can be easily appreciated.

"The most successful method of destroying the eggs is to plough them under so despite that the value, earned reach the

appreciated.

"The most successful method of destroying the eggs is to plough them under so deeply that the young cannot reach the surface. From 1872 to 1873 this plan worked well in the drier districts of the West. Another method is to wait until the young have hatched and then kill them before they have reached maturity. This is accomplished by rigging a flat pan about twenty-one feet in length on small wheels, half filling it with water, covering the surface of the water with kerosene. The pan has a cloth back three or four feet in height. This is slowly trundled over the meadow or field, and the young hoppers in jumping strike the cloth, fall into the water, and are killed by the kerosene. Fifty or sixty bushels of hoppers have been killed in this way in less than a day.

"I cannot state whether any of these methods can be used in South America, but if they can the task of exterminating the locusts will be made much easier. The difficulty in conceiving a plan of campaign is to make the warfare cost less than the natural profit on the product, and, therefore, the natural means are always preferable."

Some Late New Things.

One of the newest appliances for use in a oake shop consists of a machine which takes the whole wheat and grinds it, mixes water with it and kneads it into dough ready for the oven

A newly designed holder for grasping an ear of corn for eating consists of a pair of tongs with handles at one end and a pair of jaws at the other, fitted with sharp teeth to grip the cob.

A new bleycle lamp which cannot fail to give sufficient warning to pedestrians is fitted with a revolving wheel in front of the light, in which panes of colored glass are fitted to flash different colored lights. To prevent the hands of cyclers from becoming burned while riding in the sun a wire frame, covered with a light fabric, is attached to the ber near each handle to project over the hands and keep the sun off.

To assist in stirring the clothes in the holier on wash day and lifting them out when they are sufficiently boiled a new clothes stick is attached to the boiler by a clamp and pivoted so it can be raised and lowered.

A new safety snap hook has a sliding boilt tongs with handles at one end and a pair of

clamp and protect so it can be raised and lowered.

A new safety snap hook has a sliding bolt in the side surrounded by a spring to force it out against the point of the hook, where it is locked fast by means of a revolving cap fitted with a slot to engage the end of the bolt.

An adjustable spenner for use in tightening bleycle bearings and the like has a hook with a projecting knob at the end and screw in the side, which can be turned until the spanner fits the cone or nut to be tightened.

Race track annunclators are being made

tightened.
Race track ennunciators are being made which are designated to indicate the number of each horse, the name of its rider and the time the race is to begin, with movable figures to indicate the time and winner of

each race.

A device to prevent hens from setting, recently patented, consists of a cloth hood to go over the head, with an aperture for the comb and eyes, the intention being to keep the head upright and not allow it to drop down.

Pens will never stick in a penholder recently patented, which consists of a round wooden handle with a curved metal clamp to grasp the pen when it rests against the side of the handle, the clamp being held by a sliding ring.

To prevent a washboard from sliding around in the tub while scrubbing the clothes it is pivoted to a frame pressed into the bottom of the tub, the pivots making it easy to raise the board to remove the clothes under it.

To deaden the noise of steam from the exhaust pipes of steam engines a muffler, composed of concentric chambers to receive the steam, is placed on the end of the pipe, thus spreading the steam and lowering its pressure.

To keep a broom in shape and the ends even a wire bridge is formed of two U-shaped balls extending downward from the head of the bristles to hold an oblong frame in position near the loose ends and keep them straight.

Keeping Young.

From the Washington Star.

"Some men never grow old," remarked the quiet man.

"Well." replied the accurate friend, "some men fell young in spite of the lapse of time."

"That's what I mean."

"It's largely a matter of will power."

"I guess it is in this particular case."

"To what do you refer?"

"The manner in which my friend, Mr. Neah Goodthing, fails to realize that the six months' note he gave me is now four years old."

Doing "stunts."

That seems to be the case with the women who are washing in the old way. You can stand on your head, for instance, Almost everyone could do it, if it were necessary or desirable. But standing on the fect is more natural and more sensible -and easier. So with soap and Pearline. Everyone can wash with

soap-many do. But washing with Pearline is easier and more sensible. The hard work of soap is neither necessary nor desirable. Everyone

should give up the use of soap and should use Pearline. 42 Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you, "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never, peddled; if your grocer sends you an imitation, be honest—send it back.

JAMES PYLE, New York.